

E Innovation

Advancing Solar Excellence www.geoinnovation.com (520) 615-3883





Solar Power 101 – PV (Photovoltaic) Basics

- Definitions
- Before Going Solar (Conservation)
- How Grid-Tied PV Systems Work
- PV Installations Types
- Steps to Going Solar
- Q and A





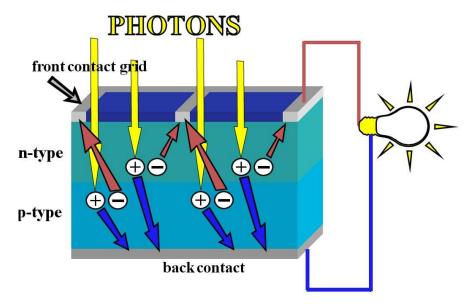
Definitions

Converting Sunlight to Electricity



pho-to-vol-ta-ic (f½"t½-v¼l-t³"k, -v½l-) *adj*. Capable of producing a voltage when exposed to radiant energy, especially light.

Sunlight (photons) push electrons around in something called a PN junction which is the building block of the computer industry. Once the electrons get pushed out of their resting place (holes) their only way to reunite as an electron-hole pair is to ride back through a light, motor, etc. and do useful work for us.





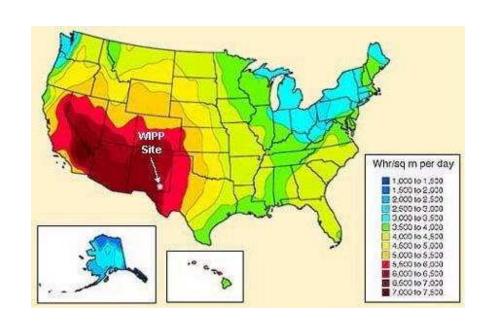


Definitions

Photovoltaics

What is Solar Electricity? A solar electric cell captures the energy from sunlight and transforms it into electric current due to the The photovoltaic effect occurs when sunlight strikes certain semi-conductive materials such as silicon in a PV cell to produce electricity. To meet larger demands, PV modules can bewired together to form a PV array. Cells can be linked together to create a PV A typical PV cell produces about 1-2 photovoltaic adi. fö-tö-völ-tä-ik module that watts of power produces more photon = unit of The power captured from the sunlight can be used to power all types of electrical light energy + volt = measure of electrical potential appliances and tools.

Insolation





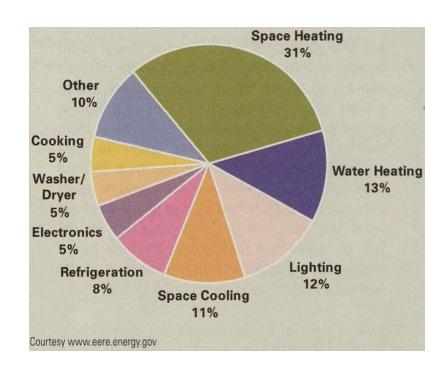


Before Going Solar (Conservation)

U.S. Energy Consumption

North America has 7 percent of the world's population, and consumes 30 percent of the world's energy.

- Energy Ottawa







Before Going Solar (Conservation)

What is the Grid?



The North American Grid at Night.

The Grid is a power delivery network.

By comparison, the Internet is an information delivery network.





Before Going Solar

Conservation

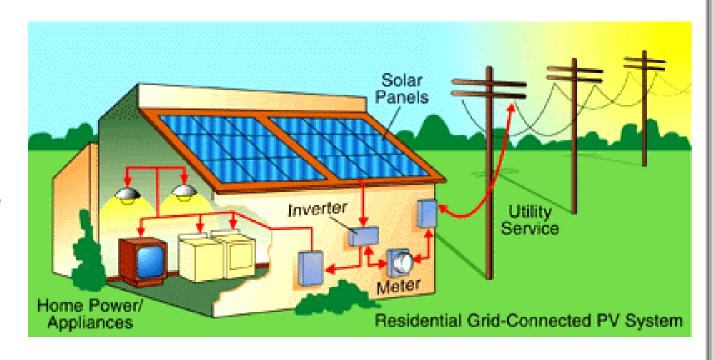
- Eliminate clothes dryer use
- Use compact fluorescent or LED bulbs
- Replace pre-1993 refrigerators, don't use in garage
- Buy front loading washing machine (when replacing)
- Use a hot water heater blanket
- Use power strips to control phantom loads
- Schedule car free days
- Add attic insulation
- Recycle
- Use a Kill-A-Watt meter to measure appliance loads. Available for under \$30.
- When replacing, buy at least SEER 15 AC/heat pump unit





How Grid-Tied PV Systems Work

- PV panels produce DC electricity which is then converted to AC house current using a Grid-Tied Inverter
- If the house can't use all the electricity the PV system produces, then the excess is put back on the grid for others to use.























































Steps to Going Solar

Questions One Might Ask a Potential Integrator (Installer)

- Are you on the TEP or Trico approved installer list?
- Are you a licensed electrician?
- Are you and/or any staff NABCEP certified?
- Where are modules, inverters, and racking system manufactured?
- Will you make clear all assumptions associated with financial return estimates?
- How is 1099 income accounted for in your quote?





Steps to Going Solar

Contact an installer to perform an on-site evaluation

- Determine historical energy use from electric bills
- Determine roof area available for photovoltaic panels
- Select location for photovoltaic panels, solar inverter, and production meter
- Discuss costs for various system sizes
- Discuss installation timing

Decide to Go Ahead with Photovoltaic Installation

- Submit application to electric utility
- Sign contract with electric utility
- Sign contract with licensed contractor





Steps to Going Solar

Contractor Installs System

- Generate design drawings and pull permit
- Install system on scheduled week
- County or City inspects system once installation is complete
- Utility sends rebate check 6 to 8 weeks after they inspect system

Enjoy decades of environmentally friendly and maintenance free electricity





Example PV System Pricing

Residential 5280WDC Grid-Tie System Roof Mount (TEP) - Quote

Valid through March 24, 2011

TOTAL PROJECT COST INCLUDING MATERIALS AND INSTALLATION	\$27,724
22 SILIKEN SLK60240 PV Portrait Mount Modules with 25 year warranty	
One SMA SB5000US Grid-Tied Inverter with 10 year warranty	
Total System 10 year warranty	

NET PROJECT COST		\$10,803
Residential STATE TAX CREDIT (2011) Residential FEDERAL TAX CREDIT (2011) 1099 MISCELLANEOUS INCOME IN 28% TA	X BRACKET	-\$1,000 -\$8,318 \$2,957
TOTAL CASH OUTLAY		\$17,164
TEP Residential INCENTIVE	\$2.00 /DC Watt	<u>-\$10,560</u>



(\$20,000)



12000 81%

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Example PV System Performance Estimate

\$86.15 Monthly SYSTEM PEAK OUTPUT 5280 WDC 9753 KWh 813 KWh 27 KWh ANNUAL/MONTHLY/DAILY PAYBACK PERIOD 7.6 years \$5.25 DC Watt ANNUAL ANNUAL RATE OF RETURN 4.8 % **\$2.05** DC Watt % PV \$40,000 Shaded Area 443 \$30,000 1032 Total Weight Avoided CO2 12678 \$20,000 3 Days on Site \$10,000 Jurisdiction **Net Cost Benefit** \$0 **Inverter Replacement** PV Degradation per Year (\$10,000)

Years after Installation

sq. ft. lbs lbs/year days City of Tucson \$2,357 0.9% \$0.106 Utility Rate (\$/KWh) Tax Rate 28.0% Annual Utility Increase 3.0%





Q and A